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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/567,766	12/29/2006	Hideki Hasegawa	43512-103808	5560
23644 7590 03/18/2011 BARNES & THORNBURG LLP			EXAMINER	
P.O. Box 2786			BOESEN, AGNIESZKA	
CHICAGO, IL	. 60690-2786		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1648	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/18/2011	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Patent-ch@btlaw.com

# Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/567,766	HASEGAWA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
AGNIESZKA BOESEN	1648	

	AGNIESZKA BOESEN	1648					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Exercision of time may be available under the provisions of 37 OFB 1.13 after SIX (f) MONTH'S from the mailing date of this communication.  Fallur to ready within the act or exercised point of reply will, by attailute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing aerared patent term adjustment. See 37 OFB 1.794(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin Ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 De</u> 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		merits is				
Disposition of Claims							
4) ∑ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ∑ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example.	pted or b) □ objected to by the l Irawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CF					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign   a) All b) Some c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	have been received. have been received in Applicati ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage				
Attachment(s)							

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Involice of informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) U Other:	

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### DETAILED ACTION

The Amendment filed December 1, 2010 in response to the Office Action of July 13, 2010 is acknowledged and has been entered. Claim 11 has been amended. Claims 11-14 are under examination in this Office action.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Rejection of Claims 11-14 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kedar et al. (US Patent 5,919,480) in view of de Haan et al. (Vaccine, 1995, Vol. 13, p. 155-162) and Knight et al. (Research in Veterinary Science, 1977, Vol. 23, p. 38-42 in IDS on 10/22/2008) is withdrawn in view of Applicant's arguments.

New Rejection

Claims 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moldoveanu et al. (Vaccine, 1998, Vol. 16, p. 1216-1224) in view of Wong et al. (Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 1995, Vol. 39, p. 2574-2576).

Moldoveanu teaches a method for preventing influenza infection comprising administering influenza HA protein and CpG DNA in an aqueous solution to the nasal mucosa in mice (see page 1217 under Immunization and page 1220 right column and Figure 4).

Moldoveanu teaches generation of secretory IgA antibody responses in mice immunized

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intranasally with influenza HA protein and CpG DNA in an aqueous solution (see Figure 4 and Discussion).

Moldoveanu does not teach administering double stranded RNA Poly(I:C).

Wong teaches prophylactic and therapeutic effect of Poly(I:C) against respiratory influenza A virus infection (see pages 2574 and 2575, Figure 1 and Figure 1). Wong teaches that intranasally administering Poly(I:C) in mice showed more than two fold decrease in influenza virus titer in lung homogenates in Poly(I:C) pretreated mice compared with non-pretreated mice subsequently exposed to lethal doses of influenza virus (see page 2574).

It would have been prima facie obvious and the skilled artisan would have been motivated to provide the method of Moldoveanu comprising administering influenza HA antigen and Poly(I:C) taught by Wong (instead of CpG DNA) because Wong teaches that Poly(I:C) provides a highly effective prophylaxis against respiratory influenza A infection in mice (see abstract and Table 1). Absent any unexpected results, it would have been obvious to administer the composition at least twice and at least once a week

The present claims would have been obvious because the substitution of one known element the CpG DNA, taught by Moldoveanu for another Poly(I:C), taught by Wong would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention (i.e generation of protective immune responses against influenza infection in mice). See KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 82 USPQ2d 1385 (U.S. 2007).

All the claimed elements were known in the prior art and one skilled in the art could have combined the elements as claimed by known methods with no change in their respective Art Unit: 1648

functions, and the combination would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in

the art at the time of the invention

Therefore, the invention as a whole was prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in

the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the

absence of evidence to the contrary.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Zachariah Lucas can be reached on 571-272-0905. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/Agnieszka Boesen/

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